

GREED

America...the late 60's. Following the Beat generation, hippies and the counter culture dominate the street scene now.

So peace, love and understanding rule the day? Yeah right. Not everyone chooses to reject materialism. As post-war immigration and migration change the demographics of the US, gangs re-emerge as a form of identification, protection and ultimately...wealth. Gangs are no longer armed with switchblades and bats. The Gun Control Act of 1968 has not been passed into law yet and automatic weapons move freely into the country and across state lines. Skirmishes and gangland wars take a heavy toll. The gang conflicts aren't just driven by territory...they are also driven by business opportunities. Gang bosses invest more and more into legal business affairs, but don't hesitate to unleash their thugs on the competition to gain an advantage. You are not the good guy this time. The stakes are high and your competitors are enemies – in the boardroom and on the street. It's gangland war and only Greed that counts!

Game components

- 80 cards – 30 action cards, 25 thugs, and 25 holdings

Scouting!
 Card text: Possible actions
 If you have a [gun icon], gain \$10,000.
 If you have a [key icon], each opponent loses \$10,000.
 If you have a [key icon], draw a card from the deck, taking it to your hand.
Action
 No. of card: 70

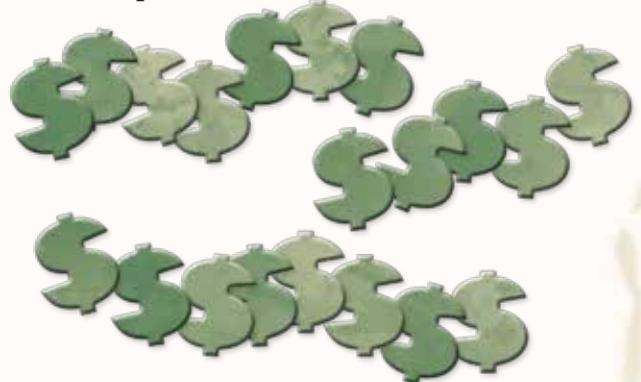
"Friendly" Gus Caspar
 Need: [gun icon] [key icon]
 When you play another Thug, gain \$15,000.
Thug
 Card type: Thug

LAMONTE'S ESCORT SERVICE
 The card's name
 Icons you can use: [heart icon]
 Cost: \$5,000
 At the end of the game, if you are the one player with the most THUGS, gain \$20,000.
HOLDING
 Card type: Holding

- Money (\$) – 29 x \$ 5,000, 32 x \$ 10,000, 13 x \$ 25,000, 11 x \$ 50,000



- 54 development markers



Object of the game

Make sure that you get your share of the city's wealth by any means legal or otherwise.

The player with the most money at the end of the game wins!



Setup

Mix all cards thoroughly. Give a pile of 12 cards to each player, which they keep face down to their right. The remaining cards form the draw pile in the center of the playing area.

Place the money by denomination and put it in easy reach of all players next to the draw pile, together with the development markers. Players start the game without any money or development markers.



Sequence of play

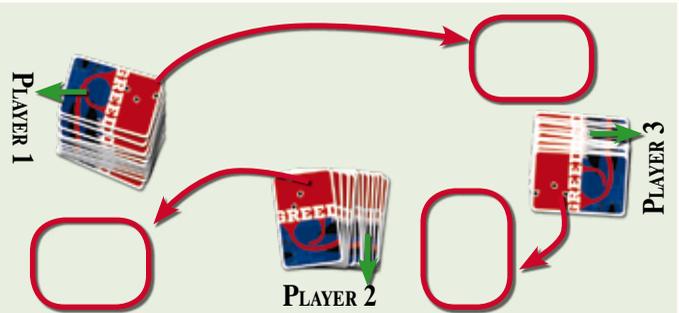
The game is played over 12 game rounds. During the first 2 game rounds players can only perform the **1st Phase**. During the next 10 rounds players perform all the following phases in this order:

- 1st Select one card from their own pile and add it to their hand**
- 2nd Play one hand card**
- 3rd Perform actions**
- 4th Resolving “each turn” abilities**

The phases in detail:

1st Select one card

Simultaneously, all players take the card pile to their right and select one card from that pile, adding it to their hand. Then, they pile the remaining cards face down to their left, between themselves and their left neighbor.



2nd Play one hand card

Each player decides which one of his hand cards he wants to play. The players place this card face down in front of them. After all players have played a card, the cards are turned over simultaneously.

3rd Perform actions

The players compare the numbers of their played cards. The player with the lowest number begins and checks which of the following preconditions apply:



This game round's player order is:

Nikki - Thug (21), Keith - Thug (25), and finally Lincoln - Action (43)

A) The played card shows some costs:

The player removes the required cards from his display or pays the demanded money. If a player does not want to bear the expenses or cannot do so, the played card is discarded without any consequences.



Example:

Nikki plays the thug (21). She can remove a thug or a holding from her display or pay \$10,000. She pays \$10,000 (back onto the money piles in the center) and thus has paid the costs.

B) The played card shows some needs:

If the card shows some needs, the player checks if they meet these needs. The player must have the required icons on display in order to meet the needs. These cards remain in play and the icons may be used again during the next game rounds. Even if just one single need is not met, the played card is discarded without any consequences.



Example:

Lincoln plays the action card (43). The needs of this card are: 1x [Key icon] and 1x [Wrench icon]. His display includes cards with these icons, thus he has met the needs.

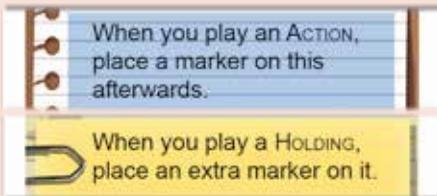
C) The played card shows no costs or needs:

The player can add the card directly to his display.

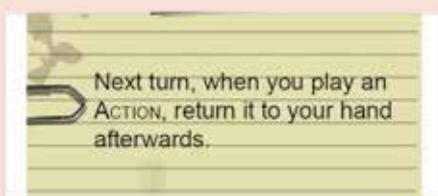
In case the player has paid the costs, met the needs or played it directly, he may perform the card's instructions.

Please note: The card he just played and its icons are considered part of his display.

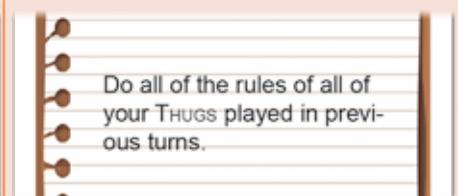
Abilities in **colored boxes** can be used **multiple times** during the game, only at the times indicated.



"Next turn" abilities cause something to happen during the **next turn, at the time or times indicated.**



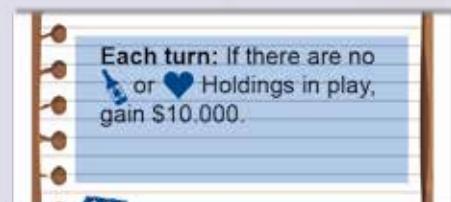
All other abilities can be used **only once**, either **immediately or at a certain point of time** (depending on the card's text).



Next, the player who played the second lowest numbered card performs his turn, etc.

4th Resolving "each turn" abilities

Subsequently, each player must use **all "Each turn"** abilities of cards in their display, in any order. Each such ability may only be used once each turn. Other abilities may trigger off of anything that happens during a game, and happen once per time the condition they look for happens.



Summary of card types

Action cards

Action cards are discarded after they resolve. When an Action card does something next turn, leave it out until the end of that turn, and discard it then.



Example:

Keith plays the action card (56).

Nikki's holding has the most development markers (4) on it. Keith puts 4 development markers on one of his holdings as well. The action card is discarded afterwards.

Thugs

Thugs allow the players to gain money, perform additional actions or take development markers. Thug cards are added to the player's display. Their icons can be used during the remaining game rounds.



Thug cards may show these icons:



Example:

Nikki plays the thug card (25), gaining \$10,000 for each

She has 2x in her display and thus takes \$20,000 from the money piles in the center.

Holdings

The players may take shares of "legal" business establishments. When doing so they place development markers on these cards. Each marker is worth \$10,000 at the end of the game.

Each time a holding card is played, development markers are placed on it immediately: One marker for each icon (🍷❤️🔧), printed on the card; furthermore one marker for each of these icons on other cards of that player's display, each time they appear.



Holding cards may show these icons:



Example:

Lincoln plays the holding card (8) and puts 4 development markers on it:

- 2 markers for the two icons on the card itself
- 1 marker each for these two icons on other cards of his display

End of the game

The game ends after 12 game rounds.

Note: Because no cards are played during the first two game rounds, each player usually plays only ten cards during the course of the game and still keeps two cards in his hand at the end of the game.

Each development marker is worth \$10,000 at the end of the game.

Each player adds his cash to his development markers' worth and the player with the most money is the new boss of the city.

In case of a tie players share the victory.